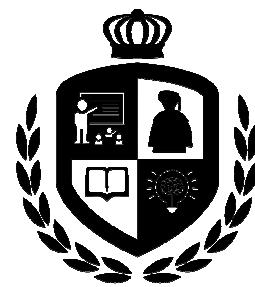




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分校陸續開幕



Dr Wilson Cheung
& his HKDSE English Team

第九屆全港 DSE 模擬試 2020

Paper 1

博士級團隊製制作

Answers and Analysis

DSE 英文
straight 5
御用之師

集於一身
博士碩士



由 1st HONOR 級榮譽
參與製作

5
屯門 元朗 天水圍 大埔 赤柱 東區
學員來自 九龍塘

5** 學員來自
屯門 元朗 天水圍



Mock 2020 Paper 1 Answers + Explanation + Skills

Part A

Part A 文章全長約 1,000 字，講述了攝影師 Brandon Stanton 創立著名 Facebook 專頁 Humans of New York 的故事。Stanton 由窮困攝影愛好者起步，不時訪問紐約市街上路人，搜集人類故事，到今天成為知名攝影師，足跡及影響力遍佈全世界，專頁現時追隨者高達一千八百萬人。

1. New York (City) (line 2)

2. B

3. D

4. i) T (line 15)

ii) NG

iii) T (line 22)

iv) F (line 15-16)

5. selling drugs (✗ easy money) (line 34)

⑥ The woman gave birth to a child at sixteen // was kicked out of high school (because she was often absent) (1 mark)

She went on to become the controller / the chief accounting officer of a company (even though she didn't have a college degree) (1 mark)

The man was sentenced to jail for selling drugs (1 mark).

He went to an agency for help and got a job as a street cleaner (1 mark).

有考生將二人犯過的錯混為一談，寫了“they sold drugs and were kicked out of school”等，但考生必須清楚指明二人分別的過錯才能得分。

⑦ People do not pass judgment to each other (1 marks) //

As the HONY Facebook page has gained popularity, more people have heard of Stanton's work (1 mark) and are willing to trust Stanton to share their stories (1 mark) //

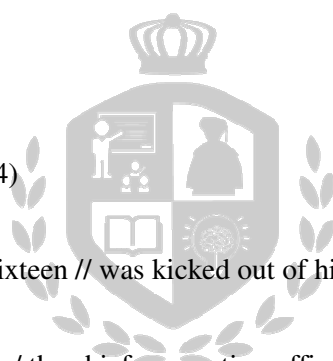
People has seen many others who share their stories (1 mark) and they are more comfortable to do the same (1 mark)

Or other reasonable answers (2 marks)

答案必須能指出一些可能令市民較以往願意回答問題的原因，並加入補充，例如若回答 Humans of New York 的讀者不會批判受訪者，則要補充受訪者因而樂意受訪，才可取得 2 分。

8. A

9. Stanton has a huge impact on his audience.



10. i) – iv)

Helps raise the academic fund for a struggling middle school in Brooklyn

Crowdfunding for the Syrian refugees

A campaign to end bonded labor in Pakistan

Raises money for pediatric cancer research

Photographical documentation to destinations such as Africa, South Asia, and the Middle East

Any 4

11. A

很多考生選擇 D，儘管這兩句說話看上去並無問題，但前後其實並無因果關係，Stanton 對於 Trump 追求權力的批評，與他訪問穆斯林教徒及難民並不相關。因此 D 不能準確地總括 Stanton 公開信的內容

12. C

很多考生選擇 B，雖然作者的確有提及過受訪者不會避忌在 HONY 上公開自己的秘密，但這僅是作者自己的觀察，並非段落要點，亦不是作者對 HONY 本身的意見。

13. i) sincere (line 64) 真誠的

ii) raw (line 63) 強烈的

iii) rival (line 59) 敵對的

iv) unwavering (line 66) 不讓步的



14. i) Georgia

ii) New York City

iii) HONY

iv) (almost) 18 million

v) Africa, South Asia, the Middle East, Iran, Iraq, Pakistan (any 3) (1 mark for naming 1-2 places only)

vi) Hillary Clinton, Elizabeth Gilbert (0.5 mark each)

答案 iv) 可於第 14 段找到，不少考生似乎以為所有基本資料都可在文章起首找到，以致忽略了文章後半部份。

15. D

16. i) ✓

ii) ✗

iii) ✓

iv) ✗

v) ✓

vi) ✓

vii) ✓

viii) ✗



答案 vi) *activist* 犯錯人數比較多，*activist* 意思為活躍分子，由於 Stanton 有公開發表政見，亦有參與不同募款及社會活動，因此絕對算得上是 *activist*

17. Humans of New York honestly reflect the lives of different people. //

People are interested in knowing more about other people's lives. //

People want to share their stories with Stanton because of his sincerity.

(any two, or any other reasonable answer) (2 marks)

不少考生表示由於 HONY 的 Facebook 專頁有很多追隨者，因此很成功，並沒有解釋使專頁受歡迎的實際原因，反映考生只懂未能真正理解導致 Humans of New York 成功的因素。

Part B1

Part B1 全長約 900 字。文章介紹了兒童常有的幻想朋友，這些「朋友」實際並不存在，但不少小朋友都會與自己構思的人物建立友誼，文章亦提出家長可如何面對這些「隱形朋友」，不妨礙子女的想像力，結尾包括了幾位網民的留言，介紹了有關孩子的幻想朋友的親身經歷。

18. C

19. baffled // confused // shocked

20. non-existent (line 7)

21. They have vivid imagination and sometimes they use their imaginations to create someone to play with them.

22. B

23. i) vivid

ii) cooperating // cooperative

iii) complain

iv) fake // unreal // nonexistent

v) interviewed

這部份考生失分原因主要出自詞性(parts of speech)錯誤，例如大部份考生均於 (iii) 寫了 “complaint” (n.)，而正確答案應是動詞 *complain*。

24. i) T (line 17)

ii) F (line 22-24)

iii) F (line 29)

iv) NG

25. Because children who are not lonely or have no social problems usually have real friends, and should not need imaginary friends.

這題需要考生理解文章內容後再作分析

26. Imaginary friends are quite benign. // Having an imaginary does not mean a child is troubled or disturbed.

27. i) Most interviewed children are aware of that their ‘friends’ don’t exist in real life.//

Children would say something like, ‘She is a fake girl,’ ‘He is not in real life,’ and ‘I make them up in my head.’

ii) Research has shown that children with imaginary friends in fact tend to be less shy, laugh and smile more when they are with peers, and have a higher capability of empathy.

iii) Having an imaginary friend does not mean a child is troubled or disturbed //

iv) Imaginary friends can be a great source of comfort when a child is upset or facing problems.

28. B

29. i) The children tend to be less shy.

ii) The children laugh and smile more when they are with peers.

iii) The children will have a higher capability of empathy.

iv) The children can be comforted by their imaginary friends in face of problems.

the children can be less lonely

30. The (readers’) children.

31. Positive // Supportive // The writer think imaginary friends are good for the children. (1 mark)

The writer points out many advantages of having an imaginary friend. // The writer thinks we should not be overly concerned by children’s imaginary friends. // The writer encourages readers to write down their

children’s descriptions of their imaginary friends. // The writer thinks imaginary friends are benign. (1 mark)

32. Because her daughter thinks she is about to hit her imaginary friend.

33. (The turtle’s name was Fluffy.) A turtle is not fluffy / has no fur.

只有極少數考生能提供正確答案，很多考生不了解 “fluffy”(毛茸茸的)一字的意思，只能抄寫文中 Fluffy is a turtle 一句，未能解釋為何一隻叫 Fluffy 的烏龜有諷刺意味。

34. A

35. C

36. Unicorns are good / well-behaved / loving creatures.

幾乎沒有考生回答正確，文中提及 Ollie 是個小魔怪(little monster)，完全不符合牠一類生物的名聲，考生即使不懂 unicorn(獨角獸)一字的意思，都可以憑段落推斷牠們是善良或乖巧的生物。

37. Kevin-the-Genius. (1 mark)

His son’s imaginary friends were not bad influences. (1 mark) //

His son’s imaginary friends did not cause accidents. (1 mark) //

He had a funny incident because of son's imaginary friends. (1 mark) //

His son's 'friends' are friendly. (1 mark) (any one)

38. i) ✓

ii) -

iii) -

iv) ✓

39. D

40. i) Unicorn

ii) Dolphin (who can dance)

iii) Human // Soldier

iv) Human // Little boy // Young man

(v) Winged puppy/dog // puppy/dog with wings

大部份考生未能正確指出(v) Blubber 是一隻有翅膀的狗，一般都只能回答“dog”或“puppy”，但由於題目要求考生必須清楚寫出虛構生物的種類，因此不接受這些答案。

Part B2

B2 全文長約 1,300 字。文章介紹了三位荷里活著名導演，分別是 Christopher Nolan, J.J. Abrams 及 Tim Burton。文章分析了幾位導演的風格理念，及他們的過人之處。

41. It means behind the scenes of films. // It refers to what the audience cannot see on screen (in this case, the directors)

42. Nolan incorporates ethic questions into his mainstream work.

43. A

44. i) protagonist (line 14) 主角

ii) degenerating (line 17) 退化的

iii) conceptual (line 11) 概念性的

iv) perception (line 18) 感知

45. i) the idea of reality (line 10-11)

ii) the perception and passage of time (line 18)

iii) revenge (line 22) // vengeance (line 24)

46. They are examples of the philosophical questions raised by Christopher Nolan.



47. Movies that are not based on any other pre-existing work. //

Movies that are new stories. //

Movies that are not sequels, prequels, spin-offs, or reboots.

48. Producing sequels, prequels, spin-offs and reboots. //

Reintroducing old content to new audience. (1 mark)

Among the top ten highest grossing films each years from 2004 to 2015, only about 15% are true original movies. //

The *Star Trek* franchise includes six TV shows and ten feature-length films. (1 mark)

49. Abram's *Star Trek* was very well-received. (1 mark)

New fans and audience were attracted by the new film. // It would be recognized as one of the few reboots that are influential and valuable. (1 mark)

50. Fans of *Star Trek*. // People who watch *Star Trek*.

不少考生未看清楚題目，答了相反答案，其實問題問的是 *Trekker* 一字的意思，而不是 *non-Trekker*。

51. Science fiction // sci-fi

52. He is not one of the names (like George Lucas, Steven Spielberg, etc.) people would think of when talking about science fiction back in the days / in the past.

53. D → A → C → B → F → E

54. Edward's hands are lethal weapon, but he is a kind person. //

The town is colourful, but it is full of bad things / the people there are not nice.

55. i) eccentricity (line 85)

ii) oddity (line 87)

iii) idiosyncrasy (line 89)

三個答案中不接受 *eccentric* (line 90)，因 *abnormally* 是名詞，而 *eccentric* 是形容詞。答案詞性必須符合題目。

56. Some of them love it and some hate it.

57. They all include their philosophies into their films.

不少考生只表明他們製作的都是荷里活(Hollywood)電影，反映他們未能掌握文章重點，有考生甚至表示三人的共通點是他們都是電影導演，明顯欠缺理解題目及分析的能力。

58. i) C

ii) A

iii) A

iv) B

v) D

59. Section 1. F

Section 2. A

Section 3. C

60. i) J.J. Abrams

電影大意指出 *Super 8* 與外星人有關，三位導演中，只有 Abrams 以科幻電影著稱。

ii) Christopher Nolan

這電影偏重人性及心理的討論，是 Nolan 電影的特徵。

iii) Tim Burton

Sleepy Hollow 的故事屬於哥德(gothic)/奇幻(fantasy)一類，可推斷是 Burton 作品。

分數及等級轉換

Level	U	1	2	3	4	5	5*	5**
A+B1/B2 總分 (百分比)	<20 (<24.39%)	20 (24.39%)	30 (36.59%)	40 (48.78%)	50 (60.98%)	60 (73.17%)	68 (82.93%)	75 (91.46%)

B1 得分計算

1B1	1B2	1B1	1B2
0	0	22	11
1	0	23	12
2	1	24	13
3	1	25	13
4	2	26	14
5	2	27	15
6	3	28	16
7	3	29	17
8	4	30	19
9	4	31	19
10	5	32	21
11	5	33	23
12	6	34	24
13	6	35	26
14	7	36	28
15	7	37	30
16	8	38	32
17	8	39	34
18	9	40	36
19	9	41	38
20	10	42	40
21	10		

