

BUSINESS, ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL STUDIES PAPER 2A

Accounting Module

QUESTION 1

Marks

(a)

		Cash at Bank		
		\$	\$	
½	Balance b/d	8,680	Trade Receivables 750	1
1	Dividend Income	4,370	Electricity 2,340	1
			Trade Receivables 4,310	1
			Trade Payable 4,600	1
			Balance c/d 1,050	½
		13,050	13,050	

(6)

(b)

Bank reconciliation statement as at 30 April 2018			
	\$	\$	
Balance as per bank statement		5,830	½
Add: Uncredited cheque		3,900	½
		9,730	
Less: Unpresented cheque	7,180		½
Bank Error: Credit transfer wrongly made by bank	1,500	8,680	1
Balance as per updated bank account		1,050	½

(4)

10 marks

QUESTION 2

Marks

Predetermined manufacturing overhead absorption rate:

$$135,000/27,000$$

1

= \$5 per direct labour hour

1

Manufacturing overhead absorbed:

$$420*5$$

1

$$= \$2,100$$

1

(4)

Manufacturing Cost per unit:

$$(67,200+71,400)/420+5 = \$335$$

1

Per unit selling price:

$$335*1.3 = \$435.5$$

1

(2)

6

marks

QUESTION 3**Marks**

(i)Cash book	½
(ii)Sales Journal	½
(iii)Purchase Journal	½
(iv>Returns Inwards Journal	½
(v>Returns Outwards Journal	½
(vi)General Journal	½
(vii) General Journal	½
(viii) General Journal	½
(ix)Cash Book	½
(x>Returns Outwards Journal	½
(xi)Cash Book	½
(xii)Cash Book	½
	<hr/>
	6
	<u>marks</u>

QUESTION 4**Marks**

(a) The weighted average cost of product per unit:

$$(500 \times 35 + 1500 \times 50 + 200 \times 60 + 300 \times 40) / (500 + 1500 + 200 + 300)$$

1

$$= \$46.6 \text{ per unit}$$

1

(2)

(b) The inventory value as at 31 December 2019:

$$(2500 - 50 - 130) \times 46.6 + 130 \times 23$$

2

$$= \$111,102$$

1

(3)

5

marks

QUESTION 5**Marks**

(a)(i) Contribution margin ratio:

$$(3,000,000 - 576,000 - 624,000 - 150,000) / 3,000,000 * 100\%$$

1

$$= 55\%$$

1

(a)(ii) Breakeven sales for 2024:

$$(456,000 + 644,000) / 55\%$$

1

$$= \$2,000,000$$

1

(a)(iii) The margin of safety (as a percentage up to one decimal place) for 2024:

$$(3,000,000 - 2,000,000) / 3,000,000 * 100\%$$

1

$$= 33.3\%$$

1

(6)

$$(b)(880,000 + 456,000 + 644,000) / 55\%$$

1

$$= \$3,600,000$$

1

(2)

$$(c) \text{Incremental Revenue: } 2,000 * 48 = \$96,000$$

1

$$\text{Incremental Cost: } 2,000 * 19 + 160,000 = \$198,000$$

1

If the company accepts the order, it will suffer loss of \$102,000. The company should not accept the special order.

1

(3)

11

marks

QUESTION 6

Marks

(a)

Capital								
		Ray	Happy	Marcus		Ray	Happy	Marcus
		\$	\$	\$		\$	\$	\$
1	Goodwill (3:2:1)	72,000	48,000	24,000	Balance b/d	225,000	147,600	- ½
½	Balance c/d (W2)	406,320	268,480	224,933	Revaluation (W1)	166,920	111,280	- 2
					Goodwill (3:2)	86,400	57,600	- 1
					Cash at Bank	-	-	248,933 1
		<u>478,320</u>	<u>316,480</u>	<u>248,933</u>		<u>478,320</u>	<u>316,480</u>	<u>248,933</u>

(6)

Working 1(W1):

Profit on revaluation= 210,000+(440,000-370,000) +1,200-3,000 = \$278,200

Working 2(W2):

$(406,320+268,480)/0.75*0.25 = \$224,933$

(b)

Current								
		Ray	Happy	Marcus		Ray	Happy	Marcus
		\$	\$	\$		\$	\$	\$
½	Balance b/d	-	30,000	-	Balance b/d	100,000	-	- ½
1	Drawings	180,000	72,000	-	<u>Appropriation</u>			
	<u>Appropriation</u>				- Share on	929,957	619,972	309,986 1½
					Net Profit (W3)			
1	- Interest on drawings	4,800	1,440	-	- Interest on	20,316	13,424	11,247 1
½	Balance c/d	865,473	529,956	321,223	Capital			
		<u>1,050,273</u>	<u>633,396</u>	<u>321,223</u>		<u>1,050,273</u>	<u>633,396</u>	<u>321,223</u>

(6)

Working 3(W3):

$2,468,050-64,375-550,000+4,800+1,440 = \$1,859,915$

QUESTION 7

Marks

		Journal		
		Dr.	Cr.	
		\$	\$	
(i)	Sales	6,400		½
	Machine		6,400	½
(ii)	Rental expenses	22,000		½
	Suspense	22,000		½
	Rental deposit ($\$22,000 \times 2$)		44,000	½
(iii)	Sales	8,100		½
	Deposit received from customers		8,100	½
(iv)	Suspense	300,000		½
	Cash at Bank		300,100	½
	Interest Receivables	4,500		
	Deposit Interests		4,500	
(v)	No debit entry	-		½
	Suspense ($\$5,100 \times 2$)		10,200	½
(vi)	Purchahses	2,360		½
	Trade receivables ($\$1,180 \times 2$)		2,360	½
(vii)	Trade Payables	350		½
	Purchases		350	½
	Cash at Bank	483		½
	Discounts Received		133	½
	Trade Payables		350	½
				(9)

QUESTION 7

Marks

(a)

Tommy

Income statement for the year ended 31 December 2024

	\$	\$	
Sales $((182,000 - 1,760 + 89,800) / 2 \times 7.8)$		1,053,156	1½
Less: <u>Cost of goods sold</u>			
Opening inventory	55,000		½
Add: Purchases $((65,200 + 51,000) / 2 \times 12 / 2.5 + 2,100)$	280,980		1½
	<u>335,980</u>		
Less: Returns outwards	2,100		½
Closing inventory	61,000		½
		<u>272,880</u>	1
Gross profit		780,276	
Less: Expenses			
Administrative expenses $(43,300 - 72,000 \times 0.2 \times 5 / 12 + 51,000 \times 0.2 \times 5 / 12 + 3,000)$	44,550		2
Selling expenses $(8,000 + 4,000)$	12,000		½
Loss on disposal $[72,000 - (72,000 \times 20\% \times 52 / 12) - 6,000]$	3,600		1
Bank Loan Interest $(330,000 \times 0.05 \times 3 / 12)$	4,125	64,275	1
Net profit		<u><u>716,001</u></u>	(10)

(b)

Tommy

Statement of financial position as at 31 December 2024

	\$	\$	
Non-current assets			
Office equipment, net (551,000-72,000+51,000+6,000-4,250)		531,750	2
Current assets			
Inventory	61,000		½
Trade receivables (182,000-1,760)	180,240		1
Bank	600,000	841,240	½
Total assets		1,372,990	
Capital			
Balance, 1 January 2024 (bal. fig.)		208,664	1
Add: Net profit		716,001	½
		924,665	
Current liabilities			
Trade payables	65,200		½
5% Bank Loan	330,000		½
Other Payables (51,000-6,000)	45,000		½
Accrued Interest	4,125		½
Accrued selling expenses	4,000	448,325	½
Total capital and liabilities		1,372,990	(8)

- (c) Realisation principle. Revenue should be recognized in the period when goods are sold or when services are rendered. The company should not record the sales of goods until 15 January 2025. (2)

20
marks

QUESTION 8

(a)

Bear Limited

Income statement for the year ended 31 December 2024

	\$	\$	
Sales (1,649,000-40,500)		1,608,500	1
Less: Cost of goods sold			
Opening inventory	171,000		½
Add: Purchases	869,000		½
	<u>1,040,000</u>		
Less: Closing inventory {380,000 – [25,400-(16,600 -2,300)]+ 40,500/1.35}	398,900		2
		<u>641,100</u>	
Gross profit		967,400	
Add: Decrease in allowance for doubtful debts [\$54,000 – (900,000 – 40,500) × 6%]		2,430	1
		<u>969,830</u>	
Less: Selling and distribution expenses (234,800-3,000)	231,800		1
Administrative expenses (W1)	542,400		3
Debenture interest (216,000*0.05*4/12)	<u>3,600</u>	<u>853,800</u>	1
Net profit		<u><u>82,450</u></u>	

(10)

Working 1 (W1):

Depreciation expense for the sold equipment in 2024:

$$[300,000 - (300,000 \times 0.2 \times 4/12 + (300,000 - 20,000) \times 0.2)] \times 0.2 = \$22,400$$

Loss on disposal:

$$300,000 - 20,000 - 56,000 - 22,400 - 5,500 = \$196,100$$

Depreciation expenses for the remaining equipment in 2024:

$$[(1,200,000 - 300,000) - (375,000 - 76,000)] \times 0.2 = \$120,200$$

Administrative expenses for the year 2024:

$$199,500 + 4,200 + 22,400 + 196,100 + 120,200 = \$538,200$$

(b)

Belly Limited**Statement of financial position as at 31 December 2024**

	\$	\$	
Non-current assets			
Office equipment, net [1,200,000-300,000-(375,000-76,000+120,200)]		480,800	1
Current assets			
Inventory	398,900		½
Trade receivables, net (846,000-40,500+2,430)	807,930		1½
Prepaid Expenses	3,000		½
Other Receivables	5,500		½
Cash at bank	625,020		½
Total assets		<u>2,321,150</u>	
Equity			
Ordinary shares of \$1.5 each, fully paid		1,000,000	½
Ordinary shares of \$2 each, fully paid		200,000	1
General reserve		115,000	½
Retained profits (336,000+82,450-15,000)		403,450	1
		<u>1,718,450</u>	
Non-current liabilities			
5% debentures		200,000	½
Current liabilities			
Trade payables	334,900		½

Accrued Expenses	4,200		½
Accrued debenture interest	3,600		½
Share Subscription Refundable	60,000	402,700	½
Total equity and liabilities		<u>2,321,150</u>	
			(10)